## **CLOSING WAR TRAP**

Japs Believed to Have Cut Gen. Stakelberg Off.

BIG BATTLE NOW LIKELY.

Kouropatkin Reported Moving to Save Threatened Force.

Vladivostok Ships Slaughtered Japanese on the Transport Hitachi-Officers Burned the Colors and Then Committed Suicide-Fleet Belleved to Have Eseaped the Pursuing Japanese-Chinese Refugees From Port Arthur Say Food There is Scarce-Some Land Fighting.

Special Cable Despatches to TER SUN. LONDON. June 18.-There are several reports that the retreat of Gen. Stakelberg, who was defeated in the battle of Telissu, is imminently threatened, if it has not been already cut off, and news of his complete isolation is confidently expected here.

According to some of the reports another Japanese army, quite independent of that which routed the Russians, has been pushed across the line of those retreating, but the accounts differ as to whether it was despatched from Sluyen or landed at Kaichau. The impression is that Gen. Nodzu commands it.

According to the Chronicle's correspondent with Gen. Kuroki's headquarters, fighting has been resumed in the neighborhood of Telissu, seemingly indicating that Gen. Stakelberg is already confronted by his interceptors. The correspondent adds that on the result of this engagement depends the movements of the First Japanese Army. A report of this fighting also comes in a brief despatch from Newchwang, whence rumors have frequently proved to forestall events accurately.

Concurrently there are stories that Gen. Kouropatkin is moving a force to cover Gen. Stackelberg's retreat. He is said to have sent two divisions south for this purpose, but it is believed vainly, as Gen. Nedsu is said to be nearer the retreating Russians than any of their supports.

There is an unconvincing rumor that Gen. Kouropatkin himself left Lioayang on Wednesday for the south.

PARIS, June 17.-Press reports from St. Peteraburg represent Gen. Stackelberg as being in a very critical position, he being andwiched between Gen. Nodzu and part of Gen. Kuroki's army. Gen. Kouropatkin is condemned by military men for despatching Gen. Stackelberg on a hopeless enter-

NO NEWS OF SEA BATTLE. Tokie Belleves Vladivestek Fleet Again Escaped.

Special Cable Despatches to TER SUN

Tokio, June 17 .- The recurrent reports that Admiral Kamimura has overtaken and is engaging the Russian Valdivostok squadron cannot be confirmed. The Admiralty continues to declare its ignorance of any engagement, and the best opinion discredits the reports, believing that the

Russians escaped in the fog. Some of the newspapers, however, reprint one of the reports stating that the Russian cruiser Rurik has been sunk.

Paris, June 17 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Matin reports that a naval battle is in progress near Tsu Island,

in the Corea Strait. HARBIN, June 17.-It is reported here that several cruisers have returned safely

SLAUGHTER OF JAPANESE.

Russians Fire Into Troops Herded on Deck of Transport Hitachi.

Special Cable Despatches to TER SUN. Tokio, June 17 .- Particulars of the destruction of Japanese transports in the Cores Strait by vessels of the Russian Yladivostok squadron were received here to-day. The Russian warships were encountered near Okino Island, directly in the course of any Japanese vessel bound westward from Moji.

It was on Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock that the transport Hitachi sighted the enemy's vessels-two cruisers and two destroyers. A blank shot was fired by one of the Russian ships as a signal for the Hitachi to stop. Instead of obeying the order the transport put on full speed and fled, with a Russian cruiser in pursuit.

At 10 o'clock the Russians opened fire on the Hitachi with their smaller guns, their apparent object being not to sink the vessel, but to kill the men on board.

The troops were mustered on deck, when Russian cruiser steamed close and poured the fire of her machine guns into her, making her a shambles. The soldiers, in compli ance with orders, did not reply to the fire.

Afterward the Russians drew alongside and sent three broadsides into the ship. The slaughter of men and horses was terrible.

Col. Suchi, the officer in command of the soldiers on board, burned the regimental colors to prevent them falling into the enemy's hands, and as the ship was seen to be in a sinking condition he ordered his men to jump overboard and try to save themselves by swimming. There was no time to launch the boats. The Colonel had scarcely given this order and was still

speaking when he was killed by a shell. Most of the officers on board committed suicide with their pistols or swords. The skipper, an Englishman of the name of Campbell, jumped overboard. The water

Continued on Third Page.

DEER CHASE IN A CITY.

Animal Leaps Through Windows and Makes a Game Fight for Liberty. MANCHESTER, N. H., June 17 .- A small, handsome spike horn deer dashed into this city to-day pursued by an agile yellow dog. The deer took a number of high fences and the dog followed.

Finally, to shake off the dog the deer made a leap through the plate glass front window of the parlor of the Hotel Worthen. From room to room danced the deer, frightening some of the inmates of the house. Finally getting to a room which offered no other exit, the deer shot out through another closed window carrying a lace curtain on his horns

The animal took several more high fences and ran a number of streets, pursued by a crowd which he tried to elude by leaping through the window of a private house. He brake the window without getting through. Joseph Deshales, whose house it was, ran out and tackled the deer, which planted both forefeet in the man's face, tearing it horribly.

The deer next tried to dash through the window of a grocery store, but was at last caught by four men and taken to a stable. practically unburt by his adventures. He ought for liberty till the last. Game Commissioner Wentworth will take the animal to the woods and release him to-morrow, The State will pay the damages.

POSTMASTER STEPS OUT.

Accounts in Perfect Order, Says Mr. Moun tain-Voucher to Prove It.

Edward Mountain, superintendent of the remont postal station, has resigned his resignation going into effect yesterday. He sent it in on Thursday and t was accepted at once. Mr. Mountain when seen by a SUN reporter, said:

"I resigned for reasons of my own. I saw a chance for bettering myself in another business so I asked for leave to resign at once and it was granted. I had absolutely no trouble with the Postmaster, and here is the auditor's voucher showing that I turned my station over in perfect Edward Smith, chief clerk of Station L.

125th street and Lexington avenue, was appointed acting superintendent of the Mr. Mountain has been in the service for

twenty years. ROBINSON-ROOSEVELT WEDDING. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt Leave

Washington to Attend It. WASHINGTON, June 17 .- The President, Mrs. Roosevelt and her sister. Miss Carow. left Washington to-night at 10 o'clock to attend the wedding of the President's niece, Miss Helen Roosevelt, to Theodore Douglas Robinson, at Hyde Park, N. Y., on Saturday at noon. They were accom-

panied by Assistant Secretary Barnes. They will arrive at Hyde Park about 1:30 Saturday morning and will start on he return trip to Washington about the middle of the afternoon. It is their intention to spend Sunday with Attorney-General Knox at Valley Forge, Pa., where they will arrive late Saturday evening. The President's train will leave Valley Forge early Monday morning and reach ington at 11:32 o'clock

KNOX TO RESIGN ON JULY 1. Scoretary of the Navy Moody to Succeed

Him as Atterney-General. Washington, June 17 .- Attorney-General ox told the President this morning that he would hand in his resignation to take effect July 1. This arrangement is made so he and Secretary of the Navy Moody may wind up some affairs in their respective departments. Mr. Moody will be appointed Attorney-General on the day that Mr. Knox

Secretary Moody returned to Washington somewhat unexpectedly to-day from Massachusetts and attended the regular Cabinet meeting in the White House. He would say nothing for publication about his selection to succeed Mr. Knox as Attorney-General, nor as to how long he would hold that office in the event of President Roosevelt's election for another term. Mr. Moody recently arranged to resume the practice of law in Massachusetts after March 4 next, but there is now good reason to believe that he has abandoned that idea and will hold the Attorney-Generalship as

long as the President desires him to do so. The selection of Mr. Moody's successor as Secretary of the Navy has not been made.

RUNAWAY INJURES TWO.

Herbert Raymond Thrown Out-A Girl Knocked Down and Injured. Herbert Raymond, a broker, 36 years old,

of 76 Remsen street, Brooklyn, was driving spirited horse attached to a runabout vesterday afternoon, when the horse became frightened at Third avenue and Dean street and ran away. At Fourth avenue and Dean street the runabout was upset and Raymond was thrown out. He re-ceived severe injuries to his spine, as well as lacerated wounds of the scalp. The horse, which had broken away from

the wagon, but was dragging the shafts behind him, ran to Fifth avenue and Warren behind him, ran to Fifth avenue and Warren street, where the shafts struck Helen Whalen, 3 years old, of 115 Fourth avenue, knocking her down. Her mother, who was with her, picked the child up. She refused to permit the ambulance surgeon to attend the child and carried the girl home, where it was attended by the family physician. Mrs. Whalen said last night that the little one was badly injured.

Raymond was removed to the Brookyn Hospital. He was suffering from shock.

BOOKSELLERS COMBINE.

The Tabard Inn Corporation Formed.

Capital \$12,500,000. TRENTON, N. J., June 17 .- The Tabbard Inn Corporation, capital \$12,500,000, was hartered here to-day to do business as wholesale and retail booksellers. The wholesale and retail bookselers. The company will acquire the business of the Tabbard Inn Company, the Library Publishing Company and the Philadelphia Book Store Company, whose combined capital is \$6,520,000. Among the incorporators are: Seymour Eaton, President; John E. Bryant, treasurer; F. W. Spiers,

KILLS WIFE AND HER FATHER.

Alabama Planter's Domestie Troubles End

in a Double Murder. MOBILE, Ala., June 17 .- Dan Foster, planter who lives in Choctaw county, last planter who lives in Choctaw county, last night killed his wife and his father-in-law.

Foster and his wife separated some months ago. He called at the home of his wife's father and asked that she return to him. The father asked Foster to promise not to ill treat his wife. This angered Foster and he opened fire, killing both instantly. Foster escaped.

Insist upon having Burnett's Vanilla .-- Ade.

## LA FOLLETTE MEN THROWN OUT

SPOONER DELEGATES GET SEATS IN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Committee Puts Stamp of Regularity on the Wisconsin Stalwarts-Fight to Be Renewed on Convention Floor -Effect on Ticket May Be Serious

CHICAGO, June 17 .- Wisconsin's bitter Republican family quarrel came before the Republican national committee to-day and the result was that the Gov. La Follette, or radical, wing of the party was thrown out of court unanimously. The Spooner, or conservative, wing was declared regular and its delegates put on the

temporary roll.

The question was raised in a contes instituted by Senator Spooner to have the big four" elected by the bolting convention that he led recognized. When the State convention was held, on May 1, it consisted of 1,065 delegates. Of these 528 1-8 were classed as administration, or La Follette, men, 484 2-3 as Stalwarts, or Spooner men, and 50 who were excluded from the temporary roll because of contests in which they figured.

This gave control of the organization of the convention to the La Follette faction by a majority of 48 2-3. The La Follette people declared that twenty of the delegates in the contested districts were conceded to them by the Stalwarts, anyway, and that with them they would have had control of the convention, no matter what had happened. This the followers of Senator Spooner deny.

Because of the "autocracy" of Gov. La Follette and the manner in which they were treated the Spooner men walked out of the State convention and held another convention, denominated the "rump" convention by the La Follette people, at which they elected as delegates at large United States Senators Spooner and Quarles, Congressman Babcock, the chairman of the Republican Congressional campaign commitee, and Emil Baensch.

The La Follette convention, calling itself regular, elected Gov. La Follette, Isaac Stephenson, James H. Stout and W. D. Connor delegates at large, and both parties presented themselves before the national ommittee for recognition and a place on the temporary roll.

All of these considerations combined to make this contest the most interesting of all those that came before the committee, but the practical effect of the quarrel on the national ticket in Wisconsin in Novem ber is also of deep importance.

Under the Wisconsin law, the name of no candidate for office can appear upon the official ballot more than once. The Stalwart and the Administration wings of the party agreed to nominate the same men for Presidential electors, but the Stalwarts refused to nominate La Follette for Governor. Seven of the men nominated for electors have declared their intention to stay on the La Follette ticket.

Thus two tickets are unavoidable, and the candidates for Presidential electors cannot appear on both of them. Which one is entitled to have them at its head is a question for the courts to decide, and the Stalwarts believe that in winning the approval of the national committee they have won the whole fight, for it is their opinion that the courts of Wisconsin will take into consideration the attitude of the party authorities and class the Stalwarts as the organization.

with the customs of national conventions and their committees on credentials that the convention itself will support the verdict of the national committee when the case comes before it.

If the Wisconsin contest is brought before the convention on Tuesday next it will probably be the only enlivening incident of the day. Such cases are rare, however. No one was surprised when the committee decided against La Follette, for when it met in the morning the Governor's friends had been told that he would be thrown out. All of the La Follette people said, however, that they did not credit this statement, believing that their side was in the right and that the committee would give a judicial hearing on the whole matter and ecide the matter on its merits.

Vice-Chairman Payne called the committee to order and then stepped aside while the Wisconsin case was taken up because of the personal interest that he had in the matter, his friendship being entirely with Senator Spooner and his party. Senator Nathan Bay Scott of West Virginia took the chair and the Spooner people went at their side of the question hammer

and tongs. J. M. Olin of Madison, Wis., and W. G. Jeffries of Janesville, appeared for the Stalwarts and told of the terrible things that I.a Follette and his friends would do to the party and had already done to it. They took about three hours in making their side plain to the committee, and then coffee and sandwiches were served for all

their side plain to the committee, and their coffee and sandwiches were served for all hands in the committee room.

The La Follette people were represented by Gilbert E. Roe of New York, a brother-in-law and former law partner of La Follette, and H. W. Chynoweth. One of the principal arguments they advanced was that the La Follette people were more popular than the Spooner crowd and had the votes, not only in the State convention, but on election day.

They talked very loud and roars could be heard from the upper floors every little while when some exhausted committee man left the room for a moment and opened

the door.

Seven hours were spent deciding the matter. The La Follette people were riddled on cross-examination by the committeemen. They will try to get their case before the national convention on the floor

before the national convention on the most and to obtain from it a reversal of the ver-dict of the committee.

Senator Spooner believes that the com-mittee will be sustained at every point, mittee will be sustained at every point, not only by the committee on credentials and by the convention, but that these precedents will have such an effect on the minds of the jurists of Wisconsin that the courts will put Mr. La Follette out in the coild too, and leave only one Republican ticket in the field, and that headed by Silas Charlette of the field and that headed by Silas Charlette out in the field.

ASK CENTRAL FOR THE WEATHER. Ohio and Kentucky Farmers Can Get Fore-

casts by Telephone. CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 17 .- The Cincinnati and Suburban Telephone Company to-day arranged with the local weather bureau to receive the weather forecast, except on Sundays and holidays, as soon as prepared, Sundays and holidays, as soon as prepared, and will promptly furnish it to its patrons in Clermont, Butler and Hamilton counties, Ohio, and in Campbell, Kenton, Boone, Pendleton and Grant counties, Kentucky. This service will enable the farmers in the counties mentioned to obtain the daily weather forecast by simply calling up the ohief operator at any of the exchanges.

SHERIFF GETS DYNAMITERS.

Arrest Made in the Colorado Outrage-Suits Against the Governor.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., June 17 .- That the man who pulled the wire, setting off the dynamite under the Indepen that his five confederates are known, is the claim of the authorities here to-day. Under Sheriff Parsons declared that the men were in the county jail, but refused to state who they are. Neither

would he disclose any of the evidence against

them. President Mover is expected here from Telluride on Sunday. Secretary Hayward, for whom a warrant was issued esterday, cannot be found in Denver. DENVER. June 17 .- James F. Burns president of the Portland mine, has opened war upon Gov. Peabody and Gen. Bell all along the line. His attorneys to-day filed the complaint in his \$100,000 damage

suit against the Governor and subordinates

for closing the Portland mine. The Governor was notified that Burns will ue in the Federal court at St. Louis for a restraining order to prevent further interference with the operation of the mine by the State authorities. Mr. Burns will pay the entire expenses of some fifteen of the deported men to Denver from their temporary residence. Mr. Burns has declared his intention of spending \$250,000 if necessary to carry the miners' case through.

In addition to this, it is reported that in place of the usual "open shop" placard at the Portland mine a notice will be posted upon the opening that only union men will be employed. The effect of such a move it would be impossible to estimate. It is said that such action would be prevented by Adjutant-Gen. Bell, supported ov the Governor.

LEFT WOMAN TO BURN. Thieves Bound and Gagged Her; and Then Set House on Fire.

ALTOONA, Pa., June 17.-Two well dressed roung men called at the lodging house of Mrs. Barbara Young this afternoon and asked if she had any rooms to rent She replied that she could send them to a good place, and turned to get the address, when they pushed into the house.

One drew a revolver and threatened her. The other closed the door. They demanded her money. She told them she did not

She attempted to run, and they seized her, beat her until she was unconscious, and then bound her to a chair, and gagged her. Then the house was ransacked from op to bottom and the woman's little savings of \$18 taken. The men set fire to all the beds on the upper floor and left the woman to burn

The driver of a wagon saw the fire and urned in an alarm. The first company on the scene was the one of which William Young, the woman's son, is foreman. He found his mother and carried her out. The louse was saved. The two men escaped.

FOUND BRIDE IN THE SLUMS. Wealthy Boston Man's Settlement Work

Ends in a Romantic Marriage. BOSTON, June 17 .- Miss Mary Victoria Maddelena and Ellery Harding Clark, the famous all-round amateur champion athlete. were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents on Chandler street. It was the culmination of a ro-

Several years ago Mr. Clark left the home of his father on Bay State road and took up his abode in Hotel Florence, a tenement poor surroundings, he met and fell in love with Victoria Maddelena, who, with her parents, also lived in the Hotel Florence. the is a Swiss.

Mr. Clark, with wealth at his command, ducated the girl, and she, in turn, became deeply interested in the philanthropic labors of her future husband, who is widely known in connection with the settlement work of Lincoln House.

B. C. Clark, father of the groom; B. Preston Clark, a brother, and his wife and daughter attended the wedding.

SUBMARINE SIGNAL SYSTEM. Records Sounds From a Great Distance With Prompiness and Accuracy.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., June 17.-The chooner Mary Harty, Capt. Charles H. Harty, just returned from the southern mackerel fishery, was fitted with submerine signalling apparatus, which was given a thorough and exhaustive trial. Capt Harty says that the apparatus proved most uccessful, remaining in perfect order all he voyage. Sounds from a great distance were recorded with promptness and acpuracy. By aid of the receiver he was ble to hear plainly the noise of the paddle sheels of an approaching steamer at night while she was three miles away and not in sight. The noise of the paddles could not e heard from the deck at all, but was caught under water by the apparatus and carried to the receiver in the cabin. Capt. Harty is of the opinion that the apparatus will be of great value to battleships, for if a submarine boat makes any noise while coming under water the submarine signalling system cannot fail to give warning of her approach before she is near enough to do damage.

12.000 MINERS MAY STRIKE. Anthracite Workers Ready to Go Out If

Their Demands Are Turned Down. WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 17 .- A strike some 12,000 mine workers depends upon the decision of the Scranton Coal Com pany's 5,800 employess at their meeting to-morrow, when they will take action upon the refusal of the company to deduct from their wages the assessment for paying the check weighman and the check locking bosses.

The Temple Coal and Iron Company's 3,500 employees, with a similar grievance, will do as the Scranton Coal Company men do and the 3,400 employees of Coxe Brothers & Co. also await the decision in order to take similar action. The officials order to take similar action. The officials of the union are doing all they can to some to an amicable agreement.

SAVED FROM BURNING FLAT. Dr. Pardee Walted So Long That He Was Overcome by Smoke.

A fire which started in the cellar of the flat at 537 West Twenty-third street yesterday afternoon wrecked the kitchen ex-tension of the building and spread on the

building.

Everybody got out of the building by way of the stairs without difficulty, except Dr. J. K. Pardee, who lives on the fifth floor. He lingered so long gathering up valuables that he was overcome by the smoke. The firemen stumbled upon him in the hell and carried him out.

FIGHT FOR DUNDAS MILLIONS.

REMARKABLE STORY OF PLOT-TING AND INTRIGUE.

Attorney Declares That the Young Man Who Claims to Be an Illegitimate Sen of Mrs. Dundes Is the Illegitimate Child of an English Woman of Title.

PHILADELPHIA. June 17 .- To-day's hearing in the suit of Arthur Fitzroy Somerset Dundas, the young Londoner who is anxious to share in the millions left by his reputed mother, Mrs. Anna Marie Wurtz-Dundas, brought out a statement from Attorney John G. Johnson, who declared that the claimant, instead of being the son of Mrs. Wurtz-Dundas and Capt. Arthur Farquhar, an English army officer, was the illegitimate child of an English woman of title whose name has been withheld.

This counter accusation, which the lawyer said he would convince the court was supported by the evidence taken on behalf of the respondent, was made at the outset of love, intrigue and scandal.

Mr. Johnson, in opening his address, reminded the three Judges presiding that Mrs. Dundas and her husband, Major Wurts-Dundas, both died in 1807. Two children were born to them; one died, and Ralph Wurts-Dundas, whom he represented, was the only child remaining.

About two years after the death of his parents, Ralph heard for the first time of the claims of the supposed illegitimate child of his mother, and he was confronted with the most extraordinary story, accusing his mother of having deserted a child in the most heartless manner nineteen years before. Mr. Johnson challenged anybody to explain how these secrets were kept and the birth of the child concealed for so long a time, unless it was by trumping up charges and threatening innocent persons.

If the contentions of the other side were sustained, the lawyer continued, then Mrs. Dundas would be adjudged guilty of unbelievable heartlessness and barbarity and devoid of the sentiments of human nature that distinguish every mother

"Such an idea is absolutely preposterous, continued the lawyer, "and I will show you that this proceeding is the result of s plot to conceal the true mother of this boy. Arthur Somerset. I do not know but Mrs. Dundas was in love with Farquhar. Taking advantage of that, he compelled her to compromise herself, so that he could thereafter have entire control over her. The story of that child is without the slight est foundation; but the control he got over her enabled him and his witness, Henry Petre, to play the game they were wait-

"Farguhar was a cad of the vilest kind He was the young son of a wealthy English family, but was declassed because of the vile life he followed. In order to protect this English woman of title and save her from disgrace, Farquhar decided to sacri-tice Mrs. Dundas, the American woman. It was then that the scheme of making her appear the mother of the illegitimate child was hatched."

Mr. Johnson then commented on the fact of Farquhar getting Mrs. Dundas's jewels to pawn, and how she at last revolted at some of the things he wanted her to do and appealed to his brother for protection. This was two weeks before the alleged birth of the child.

The keynote of the whole case, Mr. Johnson declared, was plotting and intrig on the part of Farquhar to sacrifice Mrs Dundas to his favorite English beauty He then referred to "hush" money put up by Major Dundas to suppress the publication of the scandal, but said the demands of the schemers became so heavy that the Major, although desiring to save his sick wife, was finally forced to defy them. He threatened them with arrest, and they

retaliated by threatening exposure. "But," continued Mr. Johnson, "it was not until seven years later that they dared

to make the exposure." On the outcome of the court's decisio depends whether or not a stigma will be allowed to rest on the name of Mrs. Wurts Dundas. The young man declares that he was born in Paris in 1880, and that his father was Capt. Arthur Farquhar, a dashing British Army officer, who was afterward killed in the Soudan.

J. MCLENAHAN IN A RUNAWAY Banker Was Thrown From Runabout, but

Landed in a Marsh, Practically Unhurt. PORT CHESTER, N. Y., June 17 .- James McClenahan, president of the Mutual Bank of New York, was thrown from a runabout and barely escaped serious injury this morning while driving from his me in Port Chester to the railroad station. The horse driven by the banker took fright

at an automobile in King street. Mr. McClenahan, who is an expert horse man, accidentally dropped the reins and the animal tore along for nearly half a mile Then he dashed down a hill and overturned the runabout. The banker was thrown into a marsh and escaped with a few slight

The runabout was demolished. GIRL'S MYSTERIOUS DEATH. Found Ill, Dies in Hospital, Probably of

PASSAIC, N. J., June 17 .- A young woman, probably of foreign birth, about 26 years old, died to-day in the General Hospital here. The name and the residence of the girl are unknown to the authorities, for they could not get her to talk before she was taken to the hospital and she died twenty minutes after admittance.

She was found ill early this morning in the yard of George Lyons, in Bloomfield avenue, and the police were called. She was taken to the staton house, where, after a few minutes rest, she said that she wanted to go to her home in Second street, but could not tell the number. The driver of the patrol wagon took her to that section of the city and left her, he thought, with friends. A short time afterward Policeman Flynn

found the girl lying in an alleyway. She seemed to be sick and again she was taken to the station house. City Physician Crounse said that her condition was critical and sent her to the hospital. While the physicians at the hospital were working over the girl she died. An autopsy showed what may she died. An autopsy showed what may be poison, and it was determined that the girl's death was causd by internal hemorrhages, brought about by some toxic. It is thought that the girl drank the poison while on her way to work in one of the mills, and her clothing, which was of second quality, showed signs of a struggle. good quality, showed signs of a struggle. The body was taken to the morgue to await identification.

DANIEL BACKING CLEVELANDS Virginia Senator's Visit to Thomas F. Ryan Leads to That Beller

RICHMOND, Va., June 17.-Whether Sen ator John W. Daniel, who will be chairman of the Virginia delegation at St. Louis, is aiding the attempt to secure the nomination of Grover Cleveland has caused the

Mr. Daniel has just returned from a con-ference with Thomas F. Ryan in New York. Mr. Ryan is credited with being one of the most vigorous supporters of the ex-Presi-

Senator Daniel was largely responsible for the defeat of the resolution indorsing Parker before the State Democratic con vention on the ground that the delegation

should not have its hands tied. His subsequent visit to Mr. Ryan is believed by many to indicate that he will be for Cleveland when it is shown that Parker cannot be nominated. Senator Daniel admits having had a talk with Ryan, but denies knowledge of any scheme to secure Cleveland's nomination.

PRIEST RISKED HIS LIFE. Crawled Under Wreeked Engine to Absolve

a Dying Engineer. CASRYVILLE, Ill., June 17 .- While Engineer L. B. List lay pinioned and burning under the wreck of his train here Thursday afternoon, a priest, whose identity has not been learned, crawled in among the debris as far as possible and administered absolution to him.

The priest was a passenger on one of the wrecked trains. List died, literally roasted alive, before the wreckage about his body could be removed.

PHIPPS ON HIS WAY HERE. Talk of a Compromise in the Diverse Case Renewed.

DENVER, June 17 .- An officer went to the home of Lawrence Phipps this afternoon to arrest him on a warrant charging him with driving an automobile faster than the ordinance permits. The officer was told that Mr. Phipps left yesterday for New York, and talk of a compromise of the Phippe divorce case is renewed.

William Gue swore out a warrant against Phipps, also one against H. O. Bosworth, another wealthy citizen. Que claims the wo men raced along Colfax avenue and that he narrowly escaped being run down. Phipps has paid for fast driving before, placing the blame on his imported

FOR RHODES SCHOLARSHIP.

Princeton and a Bulgers Stadents the Only Jerseymen to Pass Examination. NEW BRUNSWICE, N. J., June 17 .- The

pecial committee composed of President

Vilson and Dean Fine of Princeton and Dr. Scott of Rutgers to-day choose Benja-min Marsden Price of Oakmont, Pa., as the New Jersey representative of the Rhodes cholarship. He is a Princeton man. Russel Woodward Leary, Rutgers, of Elizabeth, was the other eligible candidate from a New Jersey college. These two were the only students in this state who

versity authorities and the final selection was left to the New Jersey committee. DROWNED IN BATHING. An S-Year-Old Boy Whein His Companions

successfully passed the examinations They were approved by the Oxford Uni-

Didn't Know. While several boys were bathing in the East River at the foot of Sixty-third street yesterday afternoon, one of them about years old, whose name the rest did not know, was seized with cramps and drowned. Joe Burns, one of the other boys, dived after him several times but failed to find him. He wore dark blue knickerbockers, blue striped shirtwaist, blue coat and a

white duck cap. RUNAWAY ON GLENVILLE TRACK.

Harry E. Deverenx in the Saddle Has an Exciting Ride of Three Miles. CLEVELAND, June 17 .- Harry K. Devereux, one of the best known horsemen in the country, had an exciting experience at the Henville track to-day. He was riding a runner to saddle and the horse ran away with him and continued over the course at record breaking speed for three miles. Mr. Devereux exerted his strength to stop

he horse, but his efforts were in vain. As a last resort he turned the horse upon the green sward, where the steed stumbled and nearly threw Mr. Devereux to the ground. The animal recovered its footing, while Mr. Devereux clung to the bridle reins, keeping his seat in the saddle, and continued on. Through the grass the horse ran at a mad gallop and continued to the stable of C. K. G. Billings. When Mr. Devereux dismounted his hands were badly lacerated and he was completely exhausted

FORTUNE ON BODY UNCLAIMED. The \$50,000 Worth That Weman Had She

May Have Held in Trust. Of the money, jewelry and other value bles taken from the bodies of the Slocum's victims by Coroner O'Gorman and his assistants and by them turned over to Coronor Berry, all of the estimated value o \$150,000, much was claimed by relatives of the dead yesterday.

There is one lot of valuables, however

property is done up in a brown and white striped ticking bag, and part of it is esti-mated to be worth between \$28,000 and \$25,000. It was found on the body at first supposed to be that of Eva Kruger, but has not yet been identified. The property consists of eight bank books. showing deposits of nearly \$25,000 in eight of the best known savings institutions of

New York; two or three life insurance

policies, amounting in all to about \$10,000

which nobody has claimed as yet. The

or \$15,000; deeds to property in New York and elsewhere and a considerable amount in bank notes. The deeds, the life insurance policie and the bank books are all in the name of person who, it would seem, is quite different from Eva Kruger. Coroner Berry does not wish the name to be made public at present, but it is no more like Kruger

however, than Smith is like Frelinghuy

Eva Kruger may have had some control over the property, because in the bag are several blank checks, signed in blank by Eva Kruger, in trust for ----."

Coroner Berry is a good deal pussled over the fact that the woman basnot been identified by anybody. The Coroner thinks that a conservative estimate of all the property in the bag would be not far from \$50,000.

## DEAD FOUND

But 40 of the Slocum V.ctims Unclaimed in Morgue.

RIVER STILL HOLDS MANY.

Getting Nearer to Placing the Blame for the Loss.

Standpipe With the Valve Still Shut Recovered From the Hulk-Testimony That the Room Where the Fire Started Contained Barrels of Oil and Not a Little Straw-City Likely to Spend \$12,000 to Haise the Wreeked Steamer for Proof as to Who Falled in His Duty -Demand for Punishment Grows-Cortelvon Here investigating-Funerals Put the Whole Fast Side in Mourning.

Careful tabulation of the dead and the reported missing after the disaster to the Slocum showed at midnight these results:

Corpses Becovered, Identified Dead. Missing List New.

This was after the police had carefully revised the lists of reported missing and had stricken many names out. The result seemed to leave the probable dead slightly above the original estimate of 800.

Fifteen of the dead from the burned steamer General Slocum were carried to their graves yesterday. Twice as many more will be buried to-day. The burials on Sunday will fill the East Side of the city with funeral trains and mourning. It seemed to observers that every one of these outward signs of the woe of the bereaved increased the determination of the citizens of New York that some one must be made to pay for the horrible devastation which came to so many homes in fifteen minutes on Wednesday morning.

CRY TO PUNISH SOMEBODY. For many summers the people of the United States have had New York harbor United States have had New York harbor pointed out to them as the safest, cheapest, merriest place of amusement that there is in all the world. Its hundreds of steamers, big and little, its pleasure barges towed by tugs, have been pictured for the envy of all other communities. It seemed to many yesterday as if the green shores, and the blue skies and the daneing waters of the harbor were mockeries over which the possibilities of seather horner like that which sibility of another horror like that whi overtook the General Slooum hangs like a menacing pall. Many Sunday schools which had planned excursions by water

have abandoned them. "Some one must be punished. No such thing could happen unless some one was wrong, oriminally wrong." This in substance, was the sentiment which any lisyesterday heard buszing in his cars Whether the man to be held responsible was Capt. Van Schalok, master of the General Slocum, whether the members of the company owning the steamboat were to be made to pay the penalty, or whether it was some one in the United States inspection service, no one seemed to care.

DISCOVERIES OF NEGLECT. Coroners O'Gorman and Berry of The Bronz vesterday satisfied themselves that the fire in the lamp room of the Slocum. a room containing more than one barrel of oil and a lot of inflammable packing material, started when the steamer was as far down the river as Blackwell's Island. Moreover, they obtained from the hulk of the vessel. lying off Hunt's Point, unmistakable evidence that at least one of the standpipes in the vessel through which water was supposed to have been supplied to the fire hose was shut off even after the fire was over.

most of the commenters on this discovery. He hinted that he didn't believe there ever was any water thrown on the fire by the Slocum's pumps; he intimated that the stories of members of the crew about the bursting of the hose are intended to take attention away from the actual facilities of the boat for fighting fire and disaster. No hose was taken from the wreck. Meanwhile Mate Flanagan, who is as brave as he

is loyal to his employers, says that he didn't

say, as all the reporters understood him to

Coroner O'Gorman went further than

say yesterday, that the hose burst because it was rotten, but because it was "full of CITY LIKELY TO BAISE THE WESCH. The attitude of the Knickerbooker Steamboat Company has not so far been of great assistance to the authorities. It is believed that there are probably a great many corpees in the under paddle box of the Slocum. The upper paddle box did contain persons who had crawled into that wet place to escape the heat of the flames and who were drowned there. The other

wheel is now buried in the mud. The wreck of the Slocum is now the property of the insurance companies. Yesterday there was a disagreement between the insurance men and the wrecking company as to the price to be paid for raising the wreck and the release of the bodies pinned under it. After waiting for the steamboat company to do what seem proper to it in this situation, Police Comsioner McAdoo took steps to have the whole matter of raising the ship taken in

charge by the city, at its own expense. President Frank Barnaby of the Knicker booker company retained personal counsel vesterday and counsel for the corporation became very active. Assistant District Attorney Garvan, to whom the Coroner turned over the shut off standpipe and other evidence collected, would not say whether there was any reason for these evident preparations for trouble.

CORTELYOU HERE IN CHARGE. Secretary George B. Cortelyou of the Department of Commerce and Labor came to New York yesterday to take personal charge of the investigation into the responsibilty of the United States steamboat inspectors for the condition of the Slooum, especially as to her life preservers.